# CSE581 Extra Credit Q1 SOLUTIONS Fall 2024 (6pts)

Please take your time and write **carefully** your solutions. There is no NO PARTIAL CREDIT. You get **0 pts** for a solution with a formula that is NOT a well formed formula of the given language.

### **ONE PROBLEM** (6pts)

**PART 1 (2pts)** Write the natural language statement:

From the fact that there is a bird that does not fly and 4 + 4 = 4, we deduce the following: it is not possible

that all birds fly OR it is not necessary that 4 + 4 = 4.

in the following two ways.

**WAY 1** (0.5pts) As a formula  $A_1 \in \mathcal{F}_1$  of a language  $\mathcal{L}_{\{\neg, \Box, \Diamond, \cap, \cup, \Rightarrow\}}$ .

**SOLUTION** We ese Propositional Variables a, b, c for consequtive statement where a denotes statement: there is a bird that does not fly b denotes statement: 4 + 4 = 4 c denotes statement: all birds fly

The formula  $A_1 \in \mathcal{F}_1$  is:

$$((a \cap b) \Rightarrow (\neg \diamond c \cup \neg \Box b))$$

WAY 2 (1.5pts) As a formula  $A_2 \in \mathcal{F}_2$  of a PREDICATE LANGUAGE language  $\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{F}, \mathbf{V})$  with the set  $\{\neg, \Box, \Diamond, \cap, \cup, \Rightarrow\}$  of propositional connectives.

Use the following Predicates, Functions and Constants:

B(x) for x is a bird, F(x) for x can fly, E(x, y) for x = y, f(x, y) for +, and c for 4.

## SOLUTION

(0.5pts) Atomic formulas are:

(0.5pts) Restricted domain formula is

$$((\exists_{B(x)}\neg F(x)\cap E(f(c,c),c))\Rightarrow (\neg \Diamond \forall_{B(x)}F(x)\cup \neg \Box E(f(c,c),c)))$$

(0.5pts) Formula  $A_2 \in \mathcal{F}_2$  is:

$$((\exists x(B(x) \cap \neg F(x)) \cap E(f(c,c),c)) \Rightarrow (\neg \Diamond \forall x(B(x) \Rightarrow F(x)) \cup \neg \Box E(f(c,c),c)))$$

**PART 2** (1pts) Given a formula A:  $\forall x \exists y P(f(x, y), c)$  of the predicate language  $\mathcal{L}$ , and two model structures

$$M_1 = (Z, I_1)$$
, and  $M_2 = (N, I_2)$ 

with the interpretations defined as follows.

 $P_{I_1}:=, f_{I_1}:+, c_{I_1}:0$  and  $P_{I_2}:>, f_{I_2}:\cdot, c_{I_2}:0$ 

Show that  $\mathbf{M}_1 \models A$ 

Solution

 $\mathbf{M}_1 \models A$  because  $A_{I_1} : \forall_{x \in Z} \exists_{y \in Z} x + y = 0$  is a **true** mathematical statement as we have that each  $x \in Z$  exists y = -x and  $-x \in Z$  and x - x = 0

Show that  $M_2 \not\models A$ 

#### Solution

 $\mathbf{M}_2 \not\models A$  because  $A_{I_2}$ :  $\forall_{x \in N} \exists_{y \in N} x \cdot y > 0$  is a **false** statement for x = 0.

## PART 3 (2pts)

(1.0pts) Circle formulas that are propositional tautologies

 $\mathcal{S}_1 = \{ ((\neg c \cap c) \Rightarrow (\neg b \Rightarrow (d \cap e))), \quad ((a \Rightarrow b) \cup \neg (a \Rightarrow b)), \quad ((a \cap \neg b) \Rightarrow ((a \cap \neg b) \Rightarrow (\neg d \cup e))), \quad (\neg a \Rightarrow (\neg a \cup b)) \} = (\neg a \cup b) = (\neg a$ 

#### Solution

$$\not\models ((a \cap \neg b) \Rightarrow ((a \cap \neg b) \Rightarrow (\neg d \cup e)))$$

all other formulas are tautologies

#### (1.0pts) Circle formulas that are predicate tautologies

$$S_2 = \{ (\exists x \ A(x) \Rightarrow \neg \forall x \neg A(x)), \quad (\forall x \ (P(x, y) \cap Q(y)) \Rightarrow \neg \exists x \ \neg (P(x, y) \cap Q(y))), \\ ((\exists x A(x) \cap \exists x B(x)) \Rightarrow \exists x \ (A(x) \cap B(x))), \quad (\forall x (A(x) \Rightarrow B) \Rightarrow (\exists x A(x) \Rightarrow B)) \}$$

**Solution**  $\not\models ((\exists x A(x) \cap \exists x B(x)) \Rightarrow \exists x (A(x) \cap B(x))), \text{ all other formulas are tautologies}$