

cse547/ams547 MIDTERM 2 Spring 2010

100pts + 10 extra points

NAME

ID:

ams/cs

Each problem 1-5 is worth 20pts.

Useful Formulas sheet is attached!!!

QUESTION 1

Part 1 Prove that the sequence $a_n = n!$ grows faster than the sequence $b_n = c^n$ for any $c > 0$.

Hint: use d'Alambert Criterion for a proper infinite sum and a proper theorem about infinite sums.

Part 2 We know that the Harmonic series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ **diverges**. Use this information and **Cauchy Criterion** to prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{n} = 1.$$

QUESTION 2 Give a direct proof from proper properties (list which) of the following fact.

For all $x \in \mathbb{R}, x > 0$

$$\lfloor \sqrt{\lfloor x \rfloor} \rfloor = \lfloor \sqrt{x} \rfloor$$

QUESTION 3 Prove the following

Spectrum Partition Theorem Let $\alpha, \beta > 0, \alpha, \beta \in R - Q$ be such that

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = 1.$$

THEN the sets $A = \text{spec}(\alpha)$ and $B = \text{spec}(\beta)$ form a partition of $Z^+ = N - \{0\}$, i.e.

1. $A \neq \emptyset, B \neq \emptyset$
2. $A \cap B = \emptyset$
3. $A \cup B = Z^+$.

QUESTION 4 Show that the n th element of the sequence:

1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5,

is $\lfloor \sqrt{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor$.

Hint: Let $P(x)$ represent the position of the last occurrence of x in the sequence.

Use the fact that $P(x) = \frac{x(x+1)}{2}$.

Let the n th element be m . You need to find m .

QUESTION 5 Prove the following theorems.

Theorem 1 Let $m, n, k \in \mathbb{Z}^+ - \{0\}$.

IF $k|mn$ and $k \perp m$ (it means k, m are relatively prime), THEN $k|n$.

Theorem 2 When a number is relatively prime to each of several numbers, it is relatively prime to their product.

QUESTION 6 (EXTRA CREDIT- 10pts)

Show that

$$\lfloor (n+1)^2 n! e \rfloor \bmod n = 2 \bmod n, \text{ for all } n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

Hint: use the following

$$e = \sum_{k \geq 0} \frac{1}{k!},$$

and represent $(n+1)^2 n! e$ as

$$(n+1)^2 n! e = A_n + (n+1)^2 + (n+1) + B_n$$

for certain A_n, B_n such that

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} (A_n \in \mathbb{Z}), \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \exists k \in \mathbb{Z} (A_n = nk), \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} (0 \leq B_n < 1)$$

EXTRA SPACE

EXTRASPACE

1 Properties

$$\lfloor x \rfloor = x \iff x \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad \lceil x \rceil = x \iff x \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$x - 1 < \lfloor x \rfloor \leq x \leq \lceil x \rceil < x + 1$$

$$\lfloor -x \rfloor = -\lceil x \rceil, \quad \lceil -x \rceil = -\lfloor x \rfloor$$

$$\lceil x \rceil - \lfloor x \rfloor = 0 \text{ if } x \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad \lceil x \rceil - \lfloor x \rfloor = 1 \text{ if } x \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\lfloor x \rfloor = n \iff n \leq x < n + 1$$

$$\lceil x \rceil = n \iff x - 1 < n \leq x$$

$$\lfloor x \rfloor = n \iff n - 1 < x \leq n$$

$$\lceil x \rceil = n \iff x \leq n < x + 1$$

$$\lfloor x + n \rfloor = \lfloor x \rfloor + n$$

$$x < n \iff \lfloor x \rfloor < n$$

$$n < x \iff n < \lceil x \rceil$$

$$x \leq n \iff \lceil x \rceil \leq n$$

$$n \leq x \iff n \leq \lfloor x \rfloor$$

$[\alpha \dots \beta]$ contains $\lfloor \beta \rfloor - \lceil \alpha \rceil + 1$ integers, for $\alpha \leq \beta$

$(\alpha \dots \beta)$ contains $\lfloor \beta \rfloor - \lceil \alpha \rceil$ integers, for $\alpha \leq \beta$

$(\alpha \dots \beta]$ contains $\lfloor \beta \rfloor - \lfloor \alpha \rfloor$ integers, for $\alpha \leq \beta$

$(\alpha \dots \beta)$ contains $\lfloor \beta \rfloor - \lfloor \alpha \rfloor - 1$ integers, for $\alpha < \beta$

$$x = y \left\lfloor \frac{x}{y} \right\rfloor + x \bmod y$$